- 1-11. (canceled)
- 12. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing a copper metal interconnection layer comprising the steps of:
- (a) forming a barrier layer along a stepped portion over the surface of an interdielectric layer having a recessed region;
  - (b) forming a copper seed layer on the barrier layer; and
- (c) exposing the barrier layer until exposing the surface of the interdielectric layer by chemical mechanical polishing (CMP) using a solution comprising an oxidizing agent, a pH controlling agent, a chelate reagent, and deionized water so that the copper seed layer remains only within the recessed region.
- 13 (previously amended) The method of claim 12, after the step (c), further comprising the steps of:

forming a copper layer on the copper seed layer formed in the recessed region; and

planarizing the copper layer, the copper seed layer and the barrier layer to form a copper metal interconnection layer,

wherein the copper layer, the copper seed layer, and the barrier layer are projected in order above the surface of the interdielectric layer, respectively.

- 14. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the recessed region includes a trench region in the shape of a line recessed from the surface of the interdielectric layer.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the recessed region includes a combination of a trench region in the shape of a line recessed from the surface of the interdielectric layer, and contact holes or via holes penetrating the interdielectric layer.

- 16. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the barrier layer is formed using a material which can prevent diffusion of metal and act as an adhesive layer between the interdielectric layer and the metal interconnection.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein in the step (b), the copper seed layer is formed by a physical vapor deposition method.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the oxidizing agent is hydrogen peroxide, an oxidizing agent of a ferric series or an oxidizing agent of an ammonium series.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein the concentration of hydrogen peroxide is within the range of about 1% to about 20 % by weight.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein the concentration of the oxidizing agent of the ferric series is within the range of about 0.01% to about 5 % by weight.
- 21. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein the concentration of the oxidizing agent of the ammonium series is within the range of about 0.01% to about 5 % by weight.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein a pH of the solution is within the range of about 2 to about 11.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the pH controlling agent is an acidic or a basic solution.
- 24. (original) The method of claim 23, wherein the acidic solution is a sulfuric acid, a nitric acid, a hydrochloric acid or a phosphoric acid solution, and the basic solution is a potassium hydroxide or an ammonium hydroxide solution.

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25. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the chelate reagent is diammonium sodium salt (DASS), citric acid, malic acid, gluconic acid, gallic acid, tannic acid, ethylenediaminetetraacetic (EDTA) or benzotriazole (BTA).

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- 26. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the concentration of the chelate reagent is within the range of about 0.001% to about 1% by weight.
  - 27. (canceled)